

Vandalism to Vegetation on City Land Policy City Policy

Responsible Directorate: Infrastructure Services

Objective: To provide a system for restoring vandalised or damaged vegetation on City land and establishing a mechanism for penalising offenders.

1. Application:

This Policy shall applyies to all land owned or managed by the City.

2. Definitions:

"vandalism" or **"damage to vegetation"** means the unlawful destruction, damage or injury to vegetation which can include poisoning, mowing, pruning, removal, <u>breaking</u> and/or ringbarking.

3. Statement:

The City recognises the importance of vegetation in the public realm and the crucial role it plays in <u>climate change mitigation and resident's health and wellbeing</u>, <u>whilst</u> providing habitat and food for native fauna. <u>Further</u>, the City's current roles include that of steward and manager of <u>vegetation</u>, which requires acknowledges its responsibility in educating the community and developers on the value of vegetation in the urban landscape.

To achieve this, it is the City's position that it should <u>will</u> employ the most appropriate restoration mechanisms, on a situation-specific basis, and encourage community members to report illegal damage to vegetation on City land<u>.</u> and establish-Punitive measures <u>have been established</u> for offenders who intentionally vandalise or damage vegetation.

4. Details:

4.1. Approved Responses:

The City of Joondalup will assess the required site-specific response following vegetation vandalism or damage to vegetation in order to determine the most appropriate response. notify the community of the illegal works and the consequences of vandalising or damaging vegetation on City owned or managed land.

In the event of vegetation vandalism or damage, the City may undertake one or more of the following actions:

- a. Erect signage advising of the vegetation vandalism or damage, detailing the penalties of such offences, <u>a and</u> requesting for information from the public regarding the vandalism., <u>and site-specific information regarding vegetation removal and replacement proposed</u>.
- b. Leave, in situ, selected poisoned vegetation, subject to safety requirements, until an agreed timeframe (to be determined on a case-by-case basis or until the vegetation requires removal).
- c. Establish replacement planting following any required remediation works and removal of the poisoned or damaged vegetation (to be determined on a site-by-site basis and may include the placement of two or more of an appropriate plant species at the affected locality).
- d. Establish replacement planting and rehabilitation works following the removal of the poisoned or damaged vegetation (to be determined on a site-by-site basis and may include the placement of two or more of an appropriate plant species at the affected locality, of a similar maturity if possible).
- e. When ongoing vandalism occurs, further investigate <u>appropriate</u> responses (such as <u>including the use of</u> closed-circuit television <u>and referral to relevant law enforcement</u> <u>agencies where appropriate</u>).
- f. Legal action may be taken against any persons caught vandalising vegetation which may result in financial penalties of \$5,000 or more, as per the Local Government Act 1995.

Creation Date:	March 2011
Amendments:	CJ093-05/12, <u>CJXXX-XX/XX</u>
Related Documentation:	Local Government Act 1995
	Local Government (Uniform Local Provisions) Regulations 1996
	Tree Management Guidelines

Examples of signage erected under the Vandalism to Vegetation on City Land Policy

Example 1

Sherman Court, Kingsley





Example 2 Padbury Avenue, Sorrento







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